Commercialization of AgriSolar Shelter as a Non-Profit Social Enterprise in Calgary by: Tari Tebepah Academic Supervisors: Dr. Chad Saunders & Dr. David Wood Industry Partner: Steve O'Gorman (STAR Energy)

Question: Whether the AgriSolar Shelter is commercially feasible on a non-profit social enterprise basis in Calgary, Canada?

Background and Rationale

- Integration of solar energy generation with food production
- Potential to contribute to tackle climate change issues
- Non-profit social enterprise model:

Methodology	Result
Literature Review	Market Overview
	Alberta's commitment to diversify economy and increase reliance
	renewable energy sources

- Target schools & communities
- Access to green electricity, fresh produce, sustainable ____ food production alternatives, and clean water.

Pilot project:

- Simon's Farm
- Campus Community Garden -----

STAR Energy's goal:

- Establish a non-profit entity in AB for local deployment to schools & communities on non-profit basis
- subsequently deploy globally to countries inadequate _____ electricity, food security, & climate resistance.

Introduction

- Integration of solar energy generation with food production
- Potential to contribute to tackling climate change issues
- Non-profit social enterprise model:
- Target schools & communities



- Alberta's target of 30% of electricity from renewable sources 2030.
- Significant growth trend
- Substantial market opportunity for AgriSolar Shelters

Feasibility of AgriSolar Shelters

- Technology: integrated \bullet
- Environmental: climate change issues, availability of clean energy, sustainable farming, access to clean water
- Social: food security, education
- Economics: good returns from green energy sales, carbon credits and rentals; initial capital cost

Interdisciplinary Aspects



Access to green electricity, sustainable food and clean water production

Pilot project:

Simon's Farm \bigcirc

- Campus Community Garden Ο
- STAR Energy's goal:
 - establish a non-profit entity in AB for local deployment to schools & Ο communities on a non-profit basis
 - subsequently deploy globally to countries with inadequate electricity, food security, & climate resistance.

Community AgriSolar Hub



West Side View of Partially Enclosed AgriSolar Shelter with Fence & Rain Tanks

Technical

2.4 meters 8 feet

- Technical standards to guarantee efficiency & use
- Structural stability: 10 feet appropriate, though contingent on design & materials
- Sloping or peaked roof: adequate water drainage, stop pooling of water & water seepage
- Foundation & footing: critical firm & sturdy
- Ventilation & insulation: sheltered partially or fully enclosed
- Water: rainwater harvesting system integrated

Energy

- Clean energy: operations no emission of GHG
- Life-cycle emissions: more than 20 times less than coal's; 10 times less natural gas; offsets within 1-3 years
- Offset credits 31.39 (5 systems of 48.6kW Community AgriSolar Hub); 1 system of 9.72kW = 6.28 credits

Conclusion and Recommendation

Conclusions

- Combination of agriculture & energy sectors presents substantial market opportunity
- Potential to achieve sustainable agricultural practices, contribute to renewable energy production & tackle climate change concerns.

Key recommendations

- Obtain necessary technical certifications
- Rework economics on project cost
- Emphasis on grants and donations to cover reasonable project's capital cost

Limitation and Future Research

Time Limitation

Future research on deployment of the AgriSolar Shelter to other

Environmental

Sheltered space for extended farming seasons

- Reduced stress from weather and pests to plants
- Rainwater harvesting for use; conservation of water

countries on a for-profit private enterprise basis.